OBSERVATION BALLOONS SHERLOCKS OF FRONT

Watchful Eyes Quickly Detect Any Unusual Event Behind Enemy's Lines—Parachutes Handy if Big Bag is Punctured

Offensive on "Our Side"

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Possibly, however, the offensive is to come from the balloonist's own side. The observer ascends with full knowledge of all the details of action, emboldened, probably, to move up much nearer the German lines than usual, in the belief that the enemy's artillery will be driven off. The opening bombardment is a time of ceaseless and vital work, spotting shot by shot, watching for new enemy batteries to open up, moving the barrage fire back and forth with the advance of the troops. Any error here may send the steel will into the observer's own troops or cost scores of lives later by failure to make a complete demolition of the enemy's defense. "Hostile airplane overhead" is apt to break in through the telephone wire at any mement. A German aviator, more adventurous than his fellows, is swooping down, perhaps under a protecting cloud, in an attempt to put out the ever-watchful eyes. The observer makes ready his parachute, the machine guns on the ground below click off a rain of lead at the invader, and the windless men start bringing the big envelope to ground with all possible speed. Perhaps the invader is driven off; perhaps the balloon is stricken into flames and the balloonist forced to parachute to the ground. In either case it is all a part of the day's work which adds adventure and romance to the responsible work done by the balloonist.

Time Brings Its Reward

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Time Brings Its Keward

Such is, briefly—very briefly—the duty
and work of the balloon observer. Calm,
patient, ever watchful, be rides far
above the ground as the great envelope
sways on its long cable. Hours pass,
perhaps, but finally, as inevitably as
fate, the reward comes. A single flash,
a slight movement across the line, and
another tiny claw of the German eagle
reveals itself for the Allied artillerymen
beneath.

beneath.

The vital importance and development
of this work has hardly as yet been suspected in America. "Over there"
balloon observation has become a science

ing of their infantry, and the assem-bling of supplies. As the American forces bling of supplies. As the American forces advance the balloons will move forward also in unison with them along routes previously prepared. Observations for the barrage will be sent down repeatedly, so that it may move back and forth with the men and details sent so that the enemy's guns setting up the destructive counter barrage may be silenced.

Every Detail of Land Noted

Every Detail of Land Noted

To do this the American ballonist must know every detail of the enemy's land opposite him, for a mistak on his part may cost the lives of scores of men below. No new battery should open up across the lines without its location being sported on the detail map, the number and size of the pieces and their objective noted, and counterfire preparations made against it. No new troops should move into the enemy trenches without being fully known, numbers as well as routes—difficult work all of it—for the German has many will devices for simulating gunfire and camouflaging movements.

And the work also will not be without



"Peeps at Germany! All 'board!'

an balloon force which ultimately will be as complete as any other branch of

High in Air for Hours

Few of us here realize that the big envelopes commonly ascend as high as a the composition of the wind, and the activity of the salient. In any case, the observer has a circle of vision of about eight miles, and is able to pierce far back into the enemy's lines as most of everything spread out before his garze.

When the American troops are preparing to go "over the top" an unusually large number of balloons will be concentrated as accretic as exercity as possible in masked camp in order not to betray what is about to take place. At the batter amongst them. Some will record the heavy artillery fire, shot by short of the denolition behind the enemy's lines is effective; others will gued a gainst any correction behind the enemy's lines is effective; others will gued a gainst any eight of the denolition behind the enemy's lines is effective; others will gued a gainst any eight of the denolition behind the enemy's lines is effective; others will gued a gainst any eight of the denolition behind the enemy's lines is effective; others will gued a gainst any eight of the denolition behind the enemy's lines is effective; others will gued a gainst any eight of the denolition behind the enemy's lines is effective; others will gued a gainst any eight of the denolition behind the enemy's lines is effective; others will gued a gainst any eight of the denomination of the shift. envelopes commonly ascend as high as 4.500 feet and that they stay for hours poised in mid-air, to perform the respon-

rance, the vanguard of a large Ameri-1 object or of percussion shellsendeavoring to blow up the windlass below and set the big bag adrift in a wind blowing erross the German lines. Naturally, every precaution in the way of protecting airmen and auti-aircraft guns are otherd, hand, but even at that constant vigilances essential.

Selected Men Observers

Intending American Bridegrooms Must Send For **Birth Certificates**

Birth Certificates

Birth Certificates

Birth Certificates

Birth Certificates

Birth Certificates

Cupid and the law never amicable friends have clashed again and the conflict is returding scores of weddings, if reports be true, of French maids and American addicer nearby, "how many majors and colouels there are in that line. Yes," he added, "and generals, too. There ought to be a general or two in there."

JUSTA PICTURE

It's a snapshot, just a snapshot of the girl I left behind.

With a background of a neatly trelised vine:
Yet of all the so-called comforts that are given us, I find
That fe best is that we photograph of mine.
For her sweet face calms the terror of the vigil in the wist.
And I seem to hear her voice so softly ask.
"You'll come back when all is over?"
Then I grimly clench my fist, Turning once again, strong-hearted, to my task.

It's a tattered, faded picture, is that photograph of ber.
For it's traveled some three thousand miles and more:
It's all crampled up and wrinkled, and at best it's quite a blur.
But it surely keeps me solid for this war.

For I've seen the fearful havoe that the Boches' hosts have made.

Birth Certificates
Cupid and the law, never amicable trichus, have clashed again and the condict is returding scores of weddings, if reports be true, of French maids and American soldiers. Law demands birth certificates and Cupid, who wots not of such technicalities, is perturbed and, almore in the chief, the chief, the conditions is perturbed and already married in France, the birth certificates of both parties must be produced, and as the War Department thoughtlessly did not include birth certificates in its list of "necessities that every soldier should carry," the soldats americans to a man arrived in France unprepared for unpitals.

Some of the Americans wrote or cabled and have received sworn copies of their birth. and they, as the man with the four kings said, are our of luck with Cupid.

PLENTY OF ROOM AT AIX

Leave Center in No Danger of Being Overcrowded

"I dowanna go to th

ing Overcrowded

"I downing go to this Aix place. Me for a town where there's lots of room and where the whole Army won't follow

And I know that it and the sound with they do bown upon us without mercy, hacking through with cruel blade
To wreak vengenuce on our low'd ones 'cross the sen.

Can I think of her in thraldom? Can I think of her as prey
Of some spurred and sabred demon of a Hun?

Can I falter in my duty to defend her inght and day
Till the menace is removed, the victive won?

One last look—I put her picture back—the section's falling in For to go and storm the 'placement on the hill:
I am summoned to fare with them through the night of toil and din "You'll come back when all is over?"

Yes—I will!

BASE PORTS BID SHIPS TO HUSTLE

Docks and Tracks **Put An End to Terminal** Congestion

BIG CHANGE IN SIX MONTHS at it.

Handled By Negro Troops and War Prisoners

"Keep sending those ships along—we can handle them!"
That is the message which UncleSam's hired men, up to their waists in work at our ports of debarkation in France, can now send back to their fellow workers on the other side of the duck-pond.

workers on the other side of the same point.

Six months ago they couldn't have sent such a message, and been truthful about it. They did send. "Keep sending those slips," but the people on the other side, working from more ports than there were ports available on this side, choked these particular ports to the point of congestion. For a while there, not even twenty-four hour shifts seemed at all availing against the flemp of war materials that, seemed fairly aching to get

avaining against the tie-up of war materials that seemed fairly aching to get at Germany.

There was nothing left to do but to enlarge the ports, to make the docks bigger, to build more docks with storage warehouses to care for the overflow—yes, and to dredge the harbors themselves, so they would accommodate offere ships and bigger ones. It was done—done so thoroughly and so well that now those base ports are able, actually, to handle more toninge than is now coming to them, be the toninge in terms of men or in terms of supplies.

Italifond facilities, too, for handling the men and supplies have been doubled in certain base ports during the time the Americans have been there on the job, in order that there may be no pile-up on and around the waterfront. But wen that has not been enough.

Build Auxiliary Port

With an eye to future needs, American engineers have built up in one instance what is practically an auxiliary port of their own, utilizing a big tract of land some inles back of the port itself. On that tract is a lunge basin, into which ships may be towed und unloaded, and by the side of which dozens of parallel spur tracks are being laid.

aid.
This laying out of yards to the rear This laying out of yards to the rear of the port proper avoids congestion of freight, and makes it easier to make up supply trains bound for the interior. Cars can be filted from barges brought into the basin, and sped on their way on the tracks adjacent to it; or, in case cars are being loaded rapidly at the port

itself, they can easily be shunted out to the spur tracks in the rear of the port and there assembled into trains. It has been a hig job to effect all this, but the resultant saving of time and elimination of confusion has made it well worth while. To keep the works going, now that they are set up, takes a big force. Where a small contingent of the Q.M.C. was able to take care of the traffic last July, to superintend the unloading and distributing of the ships contents, a whole department, that of railway transportation, now has the work in charge, and is kept eternally at it.

Negroes From Our Levees

To man the ports, to do the heavy heaving, a numerous force is required. Hiskies from the waterfronts of the Middle Atlantic and Sonthern States have been brought over in large numbers, the bulk of the work being done by regiments of colored soldiers, accustomed to similar work on the levees. All the able-bodied citizens of the port towns who want such employment have gotten it at wages that made them rub their eyes and say "Orest impossible?" Women, too, who care to do like work are welcomed; and as if that were not enough, a sizeable body of German prisoners turns out in the early morning to load and unload until late at night.

A DOUGHBOY'S DICTIONARY

Commissioned Officer.—One who has to be saluted. Non-Com.—One who does not have to be saluted, but who has to be obeyed on

the hop.

Private.—The only man in the army who enjoys any real liberty.

Cook.—The one man (with the exception of the mess sergeant) who can spill

tion of the moss sergeant) who can spill the beans.

Mess Sergeant.—See Cook.
Second Cook.—See Mess Sergeant.

Third Cook.—See Cook.

K.P.—See Top Sergeant, to find out what you've done to deserve getting it.

Sailor.—A person wearing a non-camouflageable blue uniform, commonly supposed to be having a heliuwa good time sailing round and marrying pretty Irish and French girls in every port, and to be getting botter grub than is obtainable in an army mess.

Aviator.—A college graduate turned trapeze performer from choice: in other words, a nut.

Red Cross Man.—A bird who'd like like the devil to be in the army, but and got in.

Bed Cross Wayaa —An angel in disc.

onn't get in.
Red Cross Woman.—An angel in dis-gnise.

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MEN FROM RANKS SOON TO GET BARS

Don't Mention Plattsburg to Any Candidate at A.E.F. **Training School**

Somewhere in France, at a place which, it is permissable to say, is noted for the rigors of its winters and the mud of its springs, the first training camp for officers in the A.F.F. is rounding into its third and concluding month. In a few weeks—about the time the now vanishing foot of snow is followed by the now materializing foot of mud—the serval hundred men who have been studying there the latest nitricacles of modern warrare will receive commissions as second lientenants. They will be the first sizeable group of officers from the ranks of the American Army in France.

Since last December these men have been plodding through snow on wintry days, practicing the niecties of the latest evolutions in attack formations. Tutored by experienced British. French. and American officers they have learned most of the theory and much of the practice of modern warfare.

A Hard School

A Hard School

queer sort of a school is this first training camp—and a hard one. In an old French military post the men are quartered, in the shadow of defensive walls built by the Gauls so long ago that history is uncertain of the date. But the student soldiers have been too busy to give these and other historic objects ware than passing attention. Eight give inese and other historic objects more than passing attention. Eight hours drill a day, two hours study every evening, reveille at 6 a. m. in a snow-bank seven days a week—these are some of the things that have occupied their minds.

of the things that have occupied their minds.
"Plattsburg?" say the men at this camp, "Why, Plattsburg was a summer vacation in comparison with this place. We didn't have any Saturday night hops or Sundays in the city or society martrons opening their homes to us and relatives coming around in automobiles to bring us cakes and candy. No. sir. What with the weather, and the work, and everything, this place has taken—well, you know what war is, so there's no use talking."

Whatever have been the trials of becoming an officer in France is made up
for, however, in the results obtained.
Innured to cold and certain practicable
degrees of privation, thoroughly drilled
and instructed, the men at the camp,
which has bene named the Army Candidates' School, have been unofficially at
least, described as the finest body of men
in France. They will become second lieutenants—plation leaders—in divisions
already here.

tenants—piatout already here. The commissions of this class is par-

iteularly notable in the assurance that it gives to soldiers of the A.E.F. that the "enlisted man has a chance." Men who, in their eagerness for immediate service, joined the "first bunch going" without asking loo many questions, will have no cause to repent and remark, "I wish I had waited and gone out for a commission in the States." The student officers at the Army Candidates School are the pick of the American Army in France, selected by their commanding officers by order of General Pershing. But, although they are the cream, they are of the first skimming and—there will be others.

A British undor looked over the candidates last week.

"I wonder," he said to an American officer nearby, "how many majors and officer nearby, "how many majors and officer nearby, "how many majors and colonels there are in that line. Yes," he added, "and generals, too, There ought to be a general or two in there."

war.

For I've seen the fearful have that the Boches' hosts have made.

And I know that if our line should wilt, they'd be

Down upon us without merey, hacking through with cruel blade

To wreak vengeance on our lov'd ones 'cross the sea.

BALK U. S. CUPID